BRIEF ACCOUNT OF WORK DONE IN SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Area of Operation	Funding Agency	Project Duration	Activities Undertaken On Capacity Building
1	Jana Shikshan Sansthan (Balangir)	Balangir District	M/ o HRD, Govt. of India, New Delhi	Ongoing since 2008	 (i) People were motivated, sensitized and convinced about the project. (ii) Beneficiaries were selected and imparted proper vocational training. (iii) Most of the beneficiaries are now independent and self sufficient.
2	Link Worker Scheme (Nuapada Dist.)	Nuapada, Khariar, Boden,Sinap ali, Komna Block	Action Aid Association, Odisha	2012 to till date	 BCC Capacity Building Advocacy Networking Meeting immediate needs STD Care Referral services: Condom promotion Community Mobilization PLHA care and support
3	Setting of BRC under DWSM, Cuttack Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan	4 blocks of Cuttack District	Govt. of Odisha, Deptt. Of Rural Water Supply & Sanitation programme	2013 Ongoing	 Helping the village community in formation of VWScs in all Villages. Conducting training courses on various aspects of water and sanitation at block and village level for members of VWSC and GPs and other grassroots level. Helping in conducting social Audit. Coordinating with water quality testing laboratories for water testing, reporting to villages, cautioning the GPs/VWSCs/PHEDs to take effecting steps for maintaining portability and guiding on medical steps.
4	Tribal House Hold Food Security Program	Sadar Block &Puintala Block of Bolangir	Church's Auxiliary For Social Action (CASA)	2003-04 to 2014	 (i) Formation of Women SHGs, Kisan Club, Youth club. (ii) Capacity building training on micro finance, seed bank formation/grain bank management, skill development etc. (iii) Training on agriculture, rights etc. (iv) Lobby, Advocacy and

			1	1	
5	TI Project on HIV/AIDS (Titilagarh, Patnagarh&Kantabanji of Balangir District)	Titilagarh, Patnagarh&K antabanji of Balangir District	OSACS, Dept. of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of Odisha	Ongoing since 2008	networking (v) Formation and strengthening of self help groups (vi) Land development (vii)Formation of village development committees and empowering them by capacity building (viii) Empowerment to enforce self governance BCC • Capacity Building • Advocacy • Networking • Meeting immediate needs • STD Care • Referral services: • Condom promotion • Community Mobilization
					 Community Mobilization PLHA care and support
6	Imparting Vocational Training To Un-Employed Youths & Neo-Literate	Bolangir District	Jana Sikshan Sansthan (JSS); MoHRD, Dept. Education & Literacy	2008-09 to till date	(i) Vocational training to Non-literate, Neo Literate and rudimental level beneficiaries.
7	Transit Intervention Project (Titilagarh)	Titilagarh Rly station (Migrant Labourers)	OSACS, Dept. of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of Odisha	Ongoing since 2010	 Individual and group Interaction Video Shows and Street Play Distribution of IEC materials Promotion of Condom Stakeholders/Advocacy Meeting Services and linkages STI Management Monitoring and Evaluation
8	Transit Intervention Project (Balangir)	Balangir Rly Station (Migrant Labourers)	OSACS, Dept. of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of Odisha	2015 Ongoing	 Individual and group Interaction Video Shows and Street Play Distribution of IEC materials Promotion of Condom Stakeholders/Advocacy Meeting Services and linkages STI Management Monitoring and Evaluation
9	TI Project on HIV/AIDS (Khariar, Sinapali&Boden Block of Nuapada Dist.)	Khariar, Sinapali&Bo den Block of Nupada District	OSACS, Dept. of Health & Family Welfare,	2015 Ongoing	Behaviour Change Communication • Capacity Building • Advocacy • Networking

			-		
			Govt. of Odisha		 Meeting immediate needs STD Care Referral services: Condom promotion Community Mobilization PLHA care and support
10	TI Project on HIV/AIDS (Truckers)	Jagatpur,Man guli, Choudwar,C uttack	OSACS, Dept. of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of Odisha	2015 Ongoing	Behaviour Change Communication • Capacity Building • Advocacy • Networking • Meeting immediate needs • STD Care • Referral services: • Condom promotion • Community Mobilization • PLHA care and support
11	AmbedkarHastasilpaVika shYojana	Puintala and Balangir Blocks	D.C, Handicraft, Ministry of Textiles, Govt. of India, New Delhi	2008-09 to till date	 (i) Training to artisans on latest technology. (ii) Formation of Women SHGs (iii) Capacity building training on Market Linkage
12	Building & Strengthening Youth Collectives to Fight Migration & Bondage	Nuapada District	Action Aid Association, Odisha	2015 Ongoing	Perspective Building exercise has been conducted. 50% women have been involved in the perspective building exercise. Rescued bonded labourers have been involved in the perspective development program Individual and Community claims have been submitted and issued under FRA.
13	ATMA Project (Balangir)	5 Blocks of Balangir District	Govt. of Odisha, Deptt. Of Agriculture	2012- 2014	 Training of Farmers on farming systems. Integration of multiple service providers. Capacity Building Ownership of the Agricultural Technology System (ATS) by key stakeholders. Technological interventions in the form of intensification and diversification of the farming systems. Value addition and marketing. Empowerment of farming community. Multiple communication and information support

14					[]
14	Urban Health Project	Urban slums of Cuttack Muncipal City area	OSACS, Dept. of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of Odisha	2010- 2014	 Capacity Building of the staffs, WSHG leaders, Balika Mandalas etc. Training of BalikaMandals on ARSH Isuues and Life Skill Education. Awareness Generation IEC Materials distribution & street play Quiz competition Cotraceptic Distribution trough CBDs. Meeting of Women SHGs and BalikaMandal, CBD. Facilitation of Immunization Sessions. Facilitation of HND Session. Awareness generation among the people regarding personal Hygiene, water, sanitation etc. Reaching the Unreached patients though outreach Camps. Providing medical Check-ups and medicines to the RTI/STI infected patients. Motivating the people for family Sterilizations etc.
15	Skill Upgradation Training Prog. For unemployed SC/ST youths under SCA to SCSP & SCA to TSP	Balangir District	OSFDC, BBSR, Odisha	2013- 2014	(i)Beneficiaries were selected and imparted proper vocational training. (ii) Most of the beneficiaries are now independent and self sufficient.
16	TI Project on HIV/AIDS (Khariar, Sinapali&Boden Block of Nuapada Dist.)	Khariar, Sinapali&Bo den Block of Nupada District	OSACS, Dept. of Health & Family Welfare, Govt. of Odisha	2010- 2012	Behaviour Change Communication • Capacity Building • Advocacy • Networking • Meeting immediate needs • STD Care • Referral services: • Condom promotion • Community Mobilization • PLHA care and support

17	Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan Setting of BRC under DWSM, Balangir	5 Blocks of Balangir District Kantapada&	Govt. of Odisha, Deptt. Of Rural Water Supply & Sanitation programme	2012 Ongoing 2012	 Helping the village community in formation of VWScs in all Villages. Conducting training courses on various aspects of water and sanitation at block and village level for members of VWSC and GPs and other grassroots level. Helping in conducting social Audit. Coordinating with water quality testing laboratories for water testing, reporting to villages, cautioning the GPs/VWSCs/PHEDs to take effecting steps for maintaining portability and guiding on medical steps. (i) Training of Adolescent
10	SADALAA	Niali of Cuttack District	Social Welfare Officer (DSWO) Deptt. Of WCD, Bhubanesw ar, Govt. of Odisha,	Ongoing	girls on ARSH realted Issues and Life Skill Education.
19	Baseline survey Terracotta Craft under AHVY for 552 numbers of Handicraft artisans	Sadar & Puintala Block, Balangir Dist. Odisha	D.C, Handicraft, Ministry of Textiles, Govt. of India, New Delhi	2010-11	(i) Base line survey done for 552 Artisans. (ii) Data bank and profile of each artisan updated
20	PRI Capacity Building Training Programme (Balangir)	Balangir District (3000 PRI members)	State Institute of Rural Developme nt, Govt. of Odisha	2009- 2013	 Training for the PRI members Collection of case studies Highlighting through media
21	Improving Sustainable Livelihood of the poorest of poor in Loisingha Block in Balangir through improved livestock farming	Ratakhandi Gram panchayat (140 household)	WORLP	2007- 2008	(i) Formation of women Common Interest Group (ii) Capacity Building training on Goatary

22					
22	Women Literacy programme	Sadar&Puint ala Block, Balangir Dist.Odisha	Ministry of HRD, New Delhi	2003- 2006	 (i) Training on literacy to poor women (ii)Awareness Generation programme (iii) IEC Materials distribution & street play
23	Improvement of quality life of Urban slum poor through Integrated water and Sanitation programme	Slums of Cuttack Dist.	Water Aid India	2003-06	 Helping the village community in formation of VWScs in all Villages. Conducting training courses on various aspects of water and sanitation at block and village level for members of VWSC and GPs and other grassroots level. Helping in conducting social Audit. Coordinating with water quality testing laboratories for water testing, reporting to villages, cautioning the GPs/VWSCs/PHEDs to take effecting steps for maintaining portability and guiding on medical steps.
24	GrameenVikasAndolon (GVA)	Luisinga Block, Bolangir	CAPART, BBSR	2007-08 to 2008- 09	(i) Need based technology (ii) Traditional knowledge, Techniques, Skills and Wisdom.
25	Cultivation of Medicinal Plants for Livelihood Enhancement of Rural in Cuttack (Baramba, Cuttack)(CLAP)	Baramba Cuttack	P&C. Deptt., Govt. Of Odisha	2007-08 to 2008- 09	 (i) Training to farmers in cultivation of medicinal Plants. (ii) Farmers group formation. (iii) Exposure visit on market studies.
26	Livelihood Rehabilitation Programme	17 villages under Banglapur& Karilopatna Gram Panchayat of Garadpur&M arshaghai block of Kendrapada Dist.	CARITAS, India	2006	 (i) Training of Farmers on farming systems. (ii) Integration of multiple service providers. (iii) Capacity Building Ownership of the Agricultural Technology System (ATS) by key stakeholders.
27	Indian System of Medicine& Homeopathy(ISM&H) of Govt. of India	Tangi- Choudwar	Govt. of Odisha, Deptt. of Health	2004	Training on natural resource i.e;ayurvedic , homeopatic medicine
28	Reproductive & Child Health(RCH)	Tangi- Choudwar	Govt. of Odisha,	2001	Awareness Generation IEC Materials

	Doubt of	distribution 9 strest play
	Deptt. of	distribution & street play
	Health	 Meeting of Women SHGs
		and BalikaMandal, CBD.
		 Facilitation of
		Immunization Sessions.
		 Awareness generation
		among the people
		regarding personal
		Hygiene, water, sanitation
		etc.
		 Reaching the Unreached
		patients though outreach
		Camps.
		Providing medical
		Check-ups and medicines
		to the RTI/STI infected
		patients.
		 Motivating the people for
		family Sterilization

WORK EXPERIENCE IN PLANNING/DESIGNING/IMPLEMENTING DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS IN THE FIELD OF EDUCATION, LIVELIHOOD, INFRASTRUCTURE CREATION, COMMUNITY MOBILIZATION AND CAPACITY BUILDING

1. <u>NAME OF THEPROJECT: JAN SIKSHAN SANSTHAN (JSS) IMPARTING VARIOUS</u> <u>VOCATIONAL TRAINING TO UN-EMPLOYED YOUTHS & NEO-LITERATE</u>

Project Period: - 2007 onwards

Community Served: 2 lakhs 60 thousand beneficiaries of Bolangir District

Objective:

- Impart vocational skills, life skills and technical knowledge
- Provide academic and technical resource support to zillasaksharatasamiti(zss)
- Serve as nodal continuing education centre
- Organise equivalency program
- Life enrichment education
- Promote national goals

Strategies:

- Work shop
- Capacity Building
- Exposure
- Record keeping
- Imparting vocational training like: computer & information technology (sf), electronics, electrical, refrigeration, cottage industry, beauty culture, health ¶ medical, handicrafts, culinary art, secretarial practices (sf), agricultural, building technology, furniture making, technical, many others of local importance

Major Outcomes:

- > People were motivated, sensitized and convinced about the project.
- > Beneficiaries were selected and imparted proper vocational training.
- > Most of the beneficiaries are now independent and self sufficient.

Evaluation Methods Employed:

- Observation,
- Questionnaire,
- Staff Interaction,
- Organization Reports and Records

Evaluation of Results:

The evaluation report showed the project has very successful and positive has impact.

2. NAME OF THEPROJECT: GRAMIN VIKAS ANDOLAN (GVA)

Project Period: - 2007 - 2009 Community Served:

The General Community, BPL community, SC Community, Minorities of Luisinga Block of Bolangir District

Objective: To create massive awareness or Jana Andolan among the public and to educate them about the traditional and scientific techniques of water conservation methods

Strategies:

- Block level training programme,
- Formation of VikasSarathi Group
- Formation of watch agency
- Advocacy campaign
- Bicycle Rally
- Campaign in school and colleges
- Net working
- Follow up Action

Major Outcomes:

- Awareness on water conservation, checking of contamination of water sources and management of water sources in scientific methods
- The watch Agency and Local resource Persons were encouraged to act as pressure group
- School & College students were educated about the traditional and scientific techniques of water conservation methods and implementation

Evaluation Methods Employed:

- Interaction with the staffs
- Interaction with the beneficiaries,
- Interaction with the school teachers,
- Preparation of Questionnaires,

- Photo graphs
- Collection of Reports and Records

Evaluation Results:

The project was quite successful. It has been requested to replicate the project in other implementing areas of SAI

3. <u>NAME OF THEPROJECT: TRIBAL HOUSE HOLDS FOOD SECURITY PROGRAMME</u> <u>SUPPORTED BY CASA, KOLKATA.</u>

Project Period: - 2004 onwards (8 Years)

> Community served

Tribal community including scheduled caste and scheduled tribe in three panchayats of Balangir district

> Objective

- Enhancement of livelihood
- Reduced cases of gender discrimination
- Empowerment of the community on their rights and self governance
- Capacity building of the community.

> Strategies

- Training on agriculture, rights etc.
- Lobby, Advocacy and networking
- Formation and strengthening of self help groups
- Land development
- Formation of village development committees and empowering them by capacity building
- Empowerment to enforce self governance

> Main outcomes

- Increased participation in Pallisabha and Gram Sabha
- Reduced gender discrimination
- Increased livelihood standard.
- Increased access to services.
- Increased leadership quality and increased number of elected representatives.
- Improved government servived
- SHGs and their federation is formed.

> Evaluation methods employed

- Internal joint evaluation every quarter by a core committee and community representatives.
- External evaluation by the funding agency.

> Evaluation results

• Good rapport with the community.

4. <u>NAME OF THEPROJECT: CULTIVATION OF MEDICINAL PLANTS FOR</u> <u>LIVELIHOOD ENHANCEMENT OF RURAL IN CUTTACK SUPPORTED BY STATE</u> <u>PHDMA, P & C DEPARTMENT, GOVT. OF ORISSA</u>

Project Period: - 2007 – 2009 (2 Years)

Community served

Local Baidyas of 08 villages (Khutakata, Haripur, Kajalbendha, Kadupada, Bhanjabareni, Karada, Barapali&Khandabandha) of Khuntakata G.P. Baramba Block under Khuntakata Block under Cuttack District

• Objective

- ✤ To bring awareness among the BAIDYAS & farmers of Baramba block about the use and importance of the medicinal plants.
- To support the farming community to increase their livelihood by 50% if not more through promotion of medicinal plants in their land as cash crop instead of mono-cropping of paddy in the season.
- ✤ To create a network between producers and buyers of the herbal products which are produced from the medicinal plants.
- ☆ To participate in planning implementation and monitoring of programme impact and outcome.

Strategies

- Selection of beneficiaries through bench mark survey.
- Formation of farmers' club, self help groups, co-operative societies etc.
- Training on identification and quality collection of available medicinal plants of the locality along with value addition like drying, grading etc.
- To provide crop management education (agro, ento etc.) post harvest care, marketing linkage to the farmers.
- Capacity building. Training and orientation on sustainable management of SHGs/Farmer groups.
- Providing planting materials and necessary inputs like, farm yard manure, organic manure, watering etc.
- Establishment of Extraction unit.
- Arranging camps for exposure visits of the farmers

Main outcomes

The programme in overall helps to reduce the socioeconomic vulnerability condition of the beneficiaries. This also led to scientific and commercial interest of the modern economy and scientific research on the indigenous resource management practices.

Evaluation results

The evaluation result shows that the programme has quite positive impact.

5. <u>NAME OF THEPROJECT: AMBEDKAR HASTASILPA VIKASH YOJANA SUPPORTED</u> <u>BY DEVELOPMENT COMMISSIONER, HANDICRAFT.</u>

Project Period: - 2008 - 09 onwards **Community served**

500 artisans of Puintala and Balangir Blocks of Balangir Distrcit

Objective

The main objective of the project is Design development and diversification not only of the artisans but also of the crafts according to market information and recommendation, which will increase efficiency of production, maintaining quality and standard, product-packaging etc. of the targeted beneficiaries.

Strategies

- Selection of beneficiaries through bench mark survey.
- Capacity building training to the artisans.
- Providing planting materials and necessary inputs.
- Arranging camps for exposure visits of the artisans.

Main outcomes

The programme in overall helps to reduce the socioeconomic vulnerability condition of the beneficiaries. This also led to scientific and commercial interest of the modern economy and scientific research on the indigenous resource management practices.

Evaluation results

85 households are now able to earn Rs. 5000/- per month. And their produced terracotta is being marketed in other neighboring states.

6. NAME OF THE PROJECT: NATIONAL CHILD LABOUR PROJECT

Project Period: - 2004-2008 (4 Years)

Community Served: 50 nos of theChildren of the laborers of Choudwar Municipal area of Cuttack District

Objective: Mainstreaming the children of the laborer classes as well as to provide them vocational education for a secure future.

Strategies: The following strategies were followed under the project.

- Formation of monitoring team consisting of the local ward members,
- mother of the child and Head Master of the school;
- Mother parents meeting;
- Mid-day meal;
- play way method;

- vocational training;
- Bank linkage.

Major Outcomes:

All the 50 target students were admitted in Charbatia U P (U G ME School)

Evaluation Methods Employed:

The following methods were followed for evaluation.

- Observation,
- Questionnaire,
- Spot checking of the school registers and reports etc.
- Interaction with the parents and students

Evaluation Results:

The evaluation was done by Assistant Labour Officer, Choudwar; Labour Commissioner, Orissa; and Senior Assistant, ICDS Project. The result of the evaluation was clear from the remarks of the officials that the project was badly needed in the area and it was quite successful

7. <u>TARGETED INTERVENTION PROJECT SUPPORTED BY ODISHA STATE AIDS</u> <u>CONTROL SOCIETY (OSACS), BHUBANESWAR (TItilagarh)</u>

Project Period:- 2008 Onwards (7Years)

The Target Intervention project we are running for 300 MSM and 300 FSWs under Titilagarh, Turekela, Muribahal Block of Balangir District

OBJECTIVES

- To change behaviour of the target population to safer sex practices.
- To identify the STI/ RTI patients and treat them.
- To increase health seeking behaviour of the TG.
- To promote consistent use of condoms among the High-risk groups.
- To reduce number of sexual partners by the FSWs and MSMs.
- To increase the awareness level of the target groups.
- To mobilize the community for empowerment.
- To identify the PLWHA.
- To Provide Care and Support to people living with HIV/AIDS.
- To facilitate CD4 test and ART.
- To ensure the T.I. services to the target group.
- To make them accessible for existing health service institution.
- To take up advocacy for empowerment and rights of the TP.
- To integrate and seek convergence of the programs with other applicable

scheme for the benefit of the target group

ACTIVITIES

- Behaviour Change Communication
- Capacity Building Peer Educators/Staffs/Volunteer, SHGs.
- Enabling Environment& Advocacywith different line departments
- Networking with NGOs, SHG federations, Panshops, Dhabas, Bankers.
- STD Care through Identification, Conselling, Testing and Treatment.
- Referral services to ART Centres and ICTC .
- Condom promotion through social marketing, self prediction.
- Community Mobilization by conducting hot spot level meeting, DIC Level meeting, Celebration of World AIDS day, Celebration of World Health day Celebration of International Youth Day, Organisation of voluntary blood donation day, Celebration of Local festivals

Major Outcomes

- 70% of the target groups are tested for HIV
- More than 60% of the target group practice safe sex.
- Increased health seeking behaviour and access to STI management
- No cases of stigma or discrimination.
- Increased awareness on HIV/AIDS.
- Improved health condition of the PLHAs
- Reduced cases of new infections.
- Change in Sexual Behaviour.

8. URBAN SLUM HEALTH PROJECT FOR SLUM DWELLERS" OF CUTTACK CITY

Project Period:- 2010-14(4 years)

Community Served: 21050 nos of Slum dwellers of 19slums of the Cuttack Urban area.

Objectives

- 1. To reduce the infant mortality rate and Mother mortality rate in the slum areas.
- 2. To make avail all the health facilities to the dwellers of the targeted slums.
- 3. Improve the health status of the Urban Poor.

Activities Undertaken during the year:

- Capacity Building of the staffs, WSHG leaders, Balika Mandalas etc.
- Training of BalikaMandals on ARSH Isuues and Life Skill Education.
- Awareness Generation
- IEC Materials distribution & street play
- Quiz competition

- Cotraceptic Distribution trough CBDs.
- Meeting of Women SHGs and BalikaMandal, CBD.
- Facilitation of Immunization Sessions.
- Facilitation of HND Session.
- Awareness generation among the people regarding personal Hygiene, water, sanitation etc.
- Reaching the Unreached patients though outreach Camps.
- Providing medical Check-ups and medicines to the RTI/STI infected patients.
- Motivating the people for family Sterilizations etc.

Major Outcomes

- Increase level of awareness among the Slum people regarding the Maternal and child Health related issues.
- Increase level of awareness among the Adolescent girls regarding the ARSH related issues and they got knowledge regarding Life skill Education.
- Enhanced community participation for fighting against problems and promotion of self-sustaining practices.
- People are using different types of contraceptic without any hesitation.
- More people are interested to go for sterilization.
- Improved access to better medical facilities.
- Got the third party evaluators appreciation.

9. <u>LINK WORKER SCHEME(LWS) IN NUAPADA DISTRICT SUPPORTED BY ACTION</u> <u>AID ASSOCIATION, NAC & SACS</u>

Project Period:- 2012 Onwards

Community Served: Populations of 5 Blocks of Nuapada District. Activities undertaken during the Year:

- Behavior Change Communication
- Capacity Building
- Mid-media
- Advocacy
- Networking
- Referral services to ICTC, ART, STI clinic, Govt. health services .
- PLHA care and support

- Linkages with services
- Community mobilization

Outcome:

SAI is working in 40 HIV vulnerable panchayats of 5 blocks of Nuapada District. During the year it has remarkable achievement of reducing the HIV vulnerability of the people through the above activities, which evident from the condom demand in the area, number of persons getting tested for HIV, already infected persons are identified and linked with ART and some of them have improved health condition by taking ART drugs. Through its advocacy SAI-LWS project has created a friendly environment for people accessing health care facilities; the community is mobilized through formation of Red ribbon clubs and Village information centers who are undertaking the fight against HIV/AIDS. HIV/AIDS is mainstreamed in the Panchayatiraj institution and it has special discussion on the issue in their monthly meetings and working for the prevention of stigma and discrimination.

10. TRANSIT INTERVENTION AMONG THE MIGRANT LABOURERS IN TITLAGARH RLY STATION (JN.) IN BALANGIR DISTRICT

Project Period:- 2010 Onwards

Community Served: Hence, a number of transit points were opened up throughout the country to reach out the migrant population particularly to combat the rapid spread of HIV/AIDS. SAI became a partner NGO of OSACS in October 2008, in fight against HIV/AIDS, and got the privilege to work with the MSMs community. Later in November 2010, SAI was given the responsibility to look after the "Transit Migrants Project" sponsored by OSACS. So on date.01 /11/2010 the Transit Migration project was officially inaugurated and opened up at Titilagarh Railway station by the then Station Managerof Titilagarh Railway Station. Titilagarh Station was chosen as the transit point because it is connected to all major cities by rails catering to the need of people to travel any destination. Hence, people in thousands number board on to the trains from this station only. So, no other stations than Titilagarh would have been the more suitable place to reach out the migrant population to its utmost.

Objective: The specific objective is to reduce newly infections as estimated in the first year of programme, 60% high prevalence states so as to obtain the reversal of the epidemic and 40% in the vulnerable states so as to stabilize the epidemic.

Activities:

- Behaviour Change Communication (BCC)
- 1. Individual and group Interaction
- 2. Video Shows and Street Play
- 3. Distribution of IEC materials
- 4. Promotion of Condom
- 5. Stakeholders/Advocacy Meeting

6. Services and linkages

7. STI Management

Out Come:

- Free condoms were distributed through the 5 condom outlets assured the practice of healthy sexual life of people.
- Video Shows and a street play were organized educating 118 number of people on HIV/AIDS out of which majority were the migrants.
- One advocacy meeting was organized which was participated by 40 members including both primary and secondary stakeholders.
- IEC materials were distributed to the people making them aware on HIV/AIDS at their door step.
- 12 monthly review meetings were organized with the PM to assess the achievements of the Project.

11.<u>FIELD LEVEL CAPACITY BUILDING OF PRI MEMBERS SUPPORTED BY STATE</u> INSTITUTE OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT, ORISSA, BHUBANESWAR

Project Period:- 2009-2013(4 years)

Community served

Elected representatives of the Panchayati Raj Institution members of Titialagrh Block of Balangir District.

Objective

- Increased knowledge on rules, role clarity, responsibility and rural development schemes
- PRI members are actively participating in the functioning of the panchayats
- Increased access to government schemes
- Increased coordination between government machinery and elected representatives

Activities Undertaken

- Training for the PRI members
- Collection of case studies
- Highlighting through media

Main outcomes

- PRI members are aware about their role and responsibility.
- Increased knowledge about rules and laws related to Panchayati Raj Institution
- Performance of the panchayats improved.
- Better utilization of Government funds
- Increased quality of planning

12.<u>SABALA PROJECT: SUPPORTED BY DISTRICT SOCIAL WELFARE OFFICER</u> (DSWO) DEPT. OF WCD ODISHA

Project Period:- 2012 Onwards

Community Served: Adolescent girls of Kantapada and NIali Blocks of Cuttack District.

- Training of Adolescent girls on ARSH realted Issues and Life Skill Education.
- Exposure visit to local Bank, Post Office and PHCs.

Out Come:

256 Sakhi&Shaheli of 85 KishoriSamuhas educated on personal Hygiene, Life skill education and exposed to different public Institutions in Kantapada and Niali Block through SABLA initiative.

13.<u>ATMA PROJECT SUPPORTED BY DEPUTY DIRECTOR AGRICULTURE CUTTACK &</u> <u>BALANGIR DISTRICT</u>

Project Period: - 2012 - 2014(2 years)

Community Served: 1500 Farmers of Balangir District. Activities:

- Training of Farmers on farming systems.
- Integration of multiple service providers.
- Capacity Building Ownership of the Agricultural Technology System (ATS) by key stakeholders.
- Technological interventions in the form of intensification and diversification of the farming systems.
- Value addition and marketing.
- Empowerment of farming community.
- Multiple communication and information support

Out Come:

The programme in overall helps the farmers to become aware regarding different methods of rice cultivation. They know regarding the value addition and marketing. They became well informed related to different Government policies, technology and methods etc.

14. TARGETED INTERVENTION PROJECT ON HIV/AIDS PROJECT (Khariar)

Project Period:- 2010 - 2012, 2015 Onwards

Another Target Intervention project we are running in Khariar Town, Sinapali and Boden Blocks of Nuapada District for 200FSW& 150MSM with the help of same funding agency. This project we started in the year2010. The main goal of TI project is to prevent and control of Sexual Transmitted Infection, Sexual Transmitted Diseases, Reproductive Transmitted Infection, Human Immune Deficiency Virus & Amino Infectious Disease Syndrome among the Female sex worker and Male having Sex with Male (MSM) & their partner.

OBJECTIVES

- To change behavior of the target population to safer sex practices.
- To identify the STI/ RTI patients and treat them.
- To increase health seeking behaviour of the TG.
- To promote consistent use of condoms among the High-risk groups.
- To reduce number of sexual partners by the FSWs and MSMs.
- To increase the awareness level of the target groups.
- To mobilize the community for empowerment.
- To identify the PLWHA.
- To Provide Care and Support to people living with HIV/AIDS.
- To facilitate CD4 test and ART.
- To ensure the T.I. services to the target group.
- To make them accessible for existing health service institution.
- To take up advocacy for empowerment and rights of the TP.
- To integrate and seek convergence of the programs with other applicable scheme for the benefit of the target group

ACTIVITIES

Behaviour Change Communication

- Counseling (1-1/1-G for risk identification and reduction counseling
- Through IEC material
- Through Street play and other local Folk media

Capacity Building

- Training of Peer educators/Staff / volunteers
- Capacity building of the SHG group.

Enabling Environment

Advocacy

- With police department
- With health department
- Sensitization of the PRI member and the opinion leaders
- With District Administration
- With community leaders.

Networking

- With other NGOs
- With SGH federations
- With Panshop/Dhaba owners
- With Bankers

STD Care

- Identification of STD Cases
- Counseling of the Target Population their partners
- Treatment of STD patients through Syndromic approach on behalf of the project.
- VDRL testing

Referral services:

• Refer all FSWs and MSMs to ICTC for HIV testing.

- Refer PLWHAs to ART centres.
 - Refer STI/RTI cases not cured by NGO STI clinic to better places.

Condom promotion

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- Social marketing to increase accessibility
- Increase self risk perception
- Provision of free supply of condoms

Community Mobilization

- Organisation of Hot level meetings
- Organisation of DIC level meetings
- Celebration of World AIDS day.
- Celebration of World Health day
- Celebration of International Youth Day,
- Organisation of voluntary blood donation day.
- Mass awareness at KhariarMahotsav
- Celebration of Local festivals

LIST OF DISTRICTS/BLOCKS/VILLAGES IN WHICH 'SAI' IS FUNCTIONING ITS PROJECTS AND THE DISTRICT AND BLOCK WISE LOCATION OF OFFICE ESTABLISHMENTS

SL No	Description	Cuttack	Balangir	Nuapada	Office Address of the Organisation
01.	Geographical Area	3932 Sq.Km.	6575Sq Km	3852 sq km	SAI REGD & HEAD OFFICE -I At -Divine Nagar
02.	% share of area	2.53%	4.22%	2.47%	Po - Nayabazar Dist – Cuttack -753 004 Telephone- 0671- 2972118.
03.	Sub-Divisions	<u>03</u> (Sadar, Athgarh, Banki)	<u>03</u> (Balangir, Patanagarh, Titilagarh)	<u>01</u> (Nuapada)	Project office -I At -Mahanadi Vihar Dist-Cuttack 753004 Telephone- 0671- 2972118.
04.	Tahasils	15(Sadar, Cuttack, Salipur, Mahanga, Nischintakoili, TangiChoudwar, Niali, Kantapada, Baranga, Attahgarh, Tigiria, Baramba, Narasinghpur, Banki, Dompada, K. Nagar)	<u>06</u> (Balangir, Tusra, Titilagarh, Kantabanji, Patnagarh, Loisingha)	<u>05</u> (Nuapada, Khariar, Komna, Boden, Sinapali)	SAI PROJECT OFFICE – II At:- Tulsinagar, P.O Manoharpur Dist: Bolangir- 767001 Phone: 06652- 230605, 232602
05	Blocks	<u>14</u> (Athagarh, Banki-I, Banki-II, Baramba, Baranga, Mahanga, Narasinghpur, Niali, Nischintakoili, Cuttack Sadar, Salipur, Tangichoudwar, Tigiria, Kantapada)	<u>14</u> (Balangir, Titilagarh, Loisingha, Deogaon, Saintala, Agalpur, Patanagarh, Tureikela, Khaprakhol, Bongomunda, Belpada, Muribahal, Puintala, Gudvela)	<u>05</u> (Boden, Khariar, Komna, Nuapada, Sinapali)	SAI PROJECT OFFICE – III. At: Jagannath Para, Near FCI Office, P.O:- Titilagarh, Dist: Bolangir-767033, Phone-06655- 220695

06.	No. Of Municipality	02	<u>1</u> (Balangir)	0 <u>02</u>	SAI PROJECT OFFICE – IV At: Khariar(Near KalyanMandap) P.O- Khariar, Dist: Nuapada, Phone: 9238014925
07.	No. Of N.A.C	02	03	(Khariar, Nuapada)	SAI PROJECT
08.	G.P.s	342	285	109	OFFICE – V (JSS) At: Ragudipara,
09.	Villages	1950	1794	663	P.O/Dist: Bolangir Phone- 06652- 23915
10.	No and Name of assembly Constituency	<u>09</u> (Badamba, Banki, Athagarh, Salepur,Barabati- Cuttack, Choudwar- Cuttack, Cuttack Sadar, Niali (SC), Mahanga)	<u>05</u> (Titilagarh, Kantabanji, Patnagarh, Loisinga (SC), Balangir)		
11.	No.of Parliamentary Constituency	01	01	0	